

GRASS4LEED: Building geospatial support for leadership in environmental and energy design

Helena Mitasova

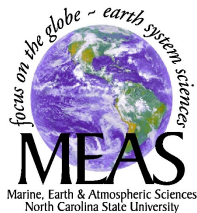
North Carolina State University

with contributions from

Jaro Hofierka, University of Presov

Russell S. Harmon, ARO, Rich McLaughlin, NCSU,

Markus Neteler, itc-IRST, Carlo Ratti, MIT



Sustainable development

Development that "**meets the needs of the present without compromising the ability of future generations to meet their own needs**" Brundtland Report, 1987 UN

Pillars of sustainable development:

- economic and
- social development,
- environmental protection

GRASS GIS: a long tradition in support of sustainable development

LEED[®] : Leadership in Energy and Environmental Design

US GBC – established **LEED** rating to **quantify** sustainable design, **SPiRiT** used for Army

Important for development of business model:

- golden rating required for all new projects
- LEED has set off a competition for high rating

Well established for buildings, global GBC



GRASS GIS



Open Source Geospatial Foundation



LEED[®]: geospatial, open source?

What is **geospatial** about LEED?

Individual buildings are not enough, we need sustainable communities and cities:

LEED-ND for neighborhood development

has focus on location, compactness and environment
(2006 pilot, 2008 official launch)

Where is **open source**?

Tools for rating buildings and facilities:

GBCAustralia : Green Star

ERDC Facility Composer: free, open-source suite of criteria-based facility modeling tools.

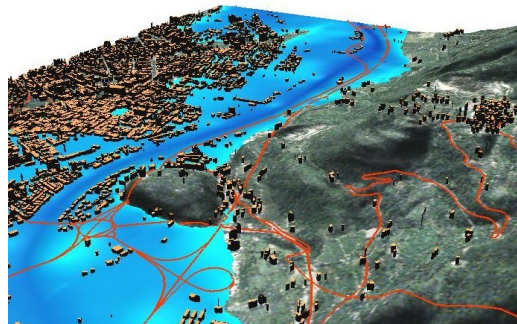
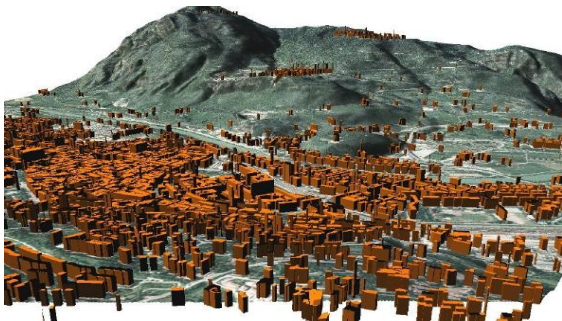
USGBC products and service directory runs under OS

Geospatial LEED-ND[®]

Draft LEED – ND: 70 prerequisites and credits

1. Location efficiency
2. Environmental preservation
3. Compact and connected neighborhoods
4. Resource efficiency: water, energy.

Couple **OSGEO tools**, **numerical modeling**, and **tangible interface** to create an interactive, collaborative analysis, design and rating system.



Images Markus Neteler



Carlo Ratti, MIT

Example LEED-ND[®] ratings

Combines social, environmental and economic issues

Environmental Preservation (5 Prerequisites / 11 Credits / 13 Points / 11% of total points)	
Prerequisite: Imperiled Species and Ecological Communities	--
Prerequisite: Parkland Preservation	--
Prerequisite: Wetland & Water Body Protection	--
Prerequisite: Farmland Preservation	--
Prerequisite: Erosion & Sedimentation Control	--
Credit: Support Off-Site Land Conservation	2
Compact, Complete, & Connected Neighborhoods (3 Prereq / 22 Credits / 42 Points / 37% of total)	
Prerequisite: Open Community	--
Prerequisite: Compact Development	--
Prerequisite: Diversity of Uses	--
Credit: Compact Development	1 to 5
Credit: Transit-Oriented Compactness	1
Credit: Diversity of Uses	1 to 3
Credit: Housing Diversity	4
Credit: Affordable Rental Housing	1 to 2
Credit: Affordable For-Sale Housing	
Credit: Reduced Parking Footprint	

Certified: 46 – 56 points (40% of total points)
Silver: 57 – 67 points (50% of total points)
Gold: 68 – 90 points (60% of total points)
Platinum: 91 – 114 points (80% of total points)

Can OSGEO make a difference?

When **LEED-ND** is adopted in **2008** there will be a great need for tools to support it.

Unique opportunity to get involved and help WorldGBC make sustainable (green) development mainstream at community / landscape scale.

Key components
data, software, interface

Data

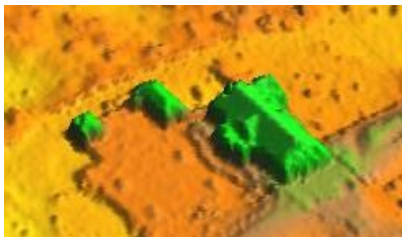
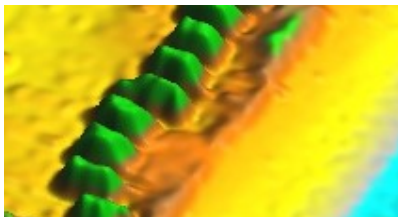
Local, high resolution geospatial and socio-economic data are needed: time consuming

New technologies bring accessibility, efficiency:

Local government WebGIS services: NC

One map, Johnston county runs FOSS4G

New mapping technologies: high resolution
orhtos and lidar data, new sensors



GRASS GIS



Open Source Geospatial Foundation

FOSS4G Software Stack

Portability, interoperability



Geostatistics
Predictive
modeling

R-stats

QGIS
TanGIS

Viewing
Interaction
Design

External
data

GDAL/OGR

raster

vector

GRASS

Spatial Analysis
Modeling
Visualization

Web
services

Mapserver
Chameleon

MySQL
PostgreSQL
DBF

Database
engine:
Tables,
attributes

GRASS6 tools

Location Efficiency: transportation, water and stormwater infrastructure, brownfields redevelopment

Compact, Complete and Connected Neighbourhood: open community, diversity of housing and uses, walkability, transit and access

The screenshot shows the QGIS GRASS6 Toolbox interface. On the left is a legend with categories: Edificio (blue), Edificio a portico (yellow), Edificio a sbalzo (purple), Edificio interrato (dark blue), Fabbricato di culto (red), Silos, contenitore, cisterna (light blue), Tettoia o pensilina (green), and Ortho2m_edifici3D (grey). The main map area displays an aerial view with buildings overlaid in these colors. Below the map is the GRASS Tools browser, showing various modules like Voronoi diagram and Network analysis. On the right, an attribute table for 'Edifici 1' is visible, containing columns for 'tipo_label', 'z', and 'tipo'.

	tipo_label	z	tipo
1083	2.02.01	11.500000	Edificio
1084	2.02.01	9.200000	Edificio
1085	2.02.01	13.100000	Edificio
1086	2.02.01	18.990000	Edificio
1087	2.02.01	16.710000	Edificio
1088	2.02.01	8.680000	Edificio
1089	2.02.01	14.090000	Edificio
1090	2.02.01	2.580000	Edificio
1091	2.02.01	6.980000	Edificio

vector: overlays, network analysis

raster: cost surfaces, map algebra

DBMS

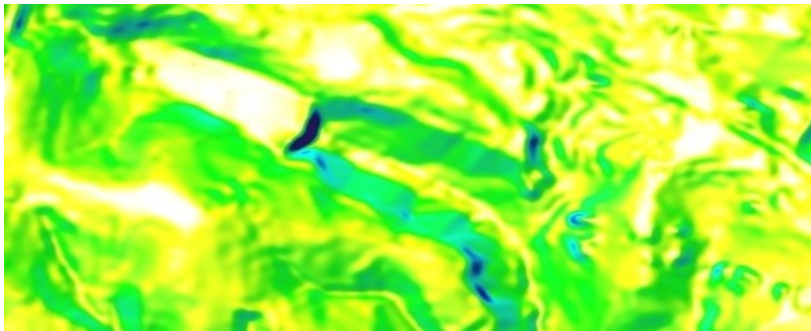
GRASS6 tools

Environmental Preservation:

habitat, wetland, parkland preservation, erosion control, minimize disturbance, maintain/reduce runoff

Resource Efficiency

on-site power, renewable energy, water efficiency, waste management, light pollution reduction



raster: watershed analysis, hydrologic and erosion modeling, solar irradiation, map algebra

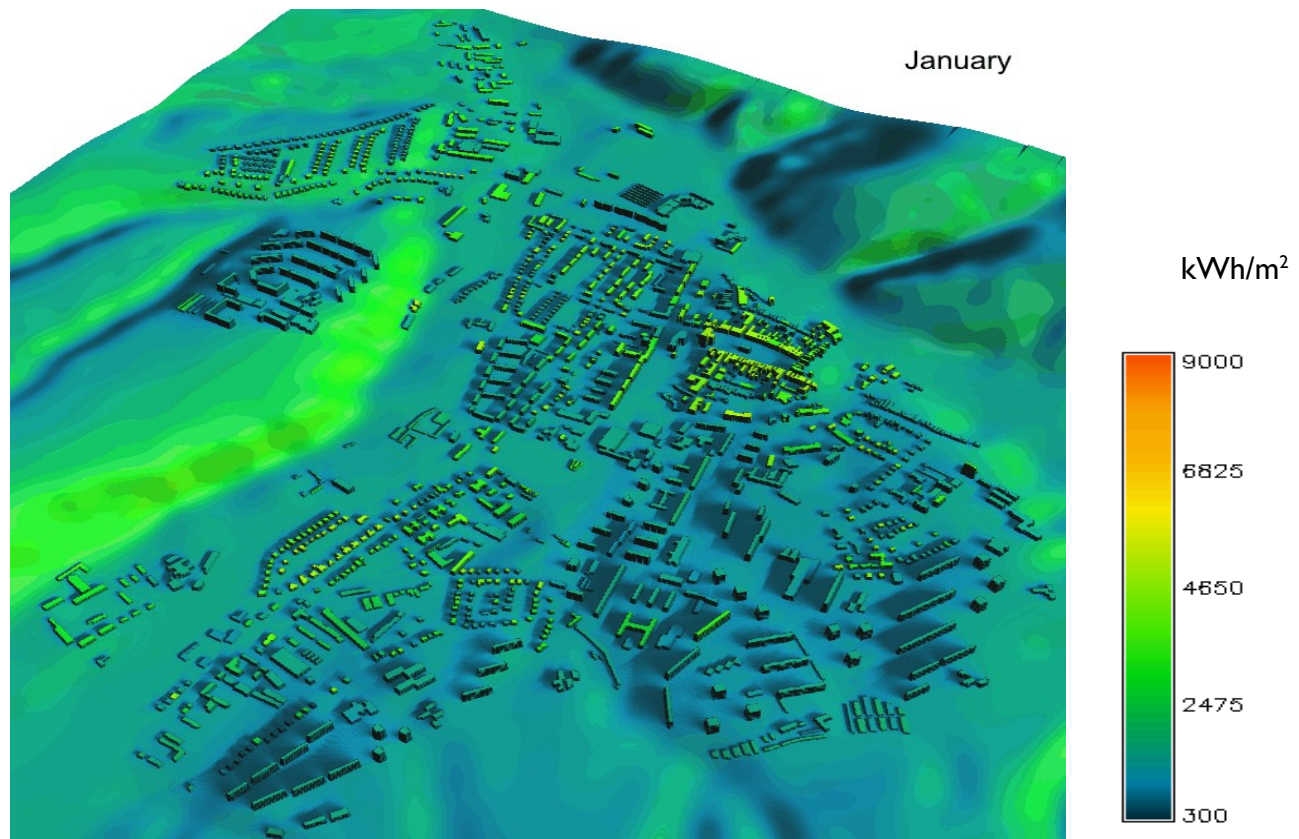
vector: network analysis



HydroFOSS
JGRASS

Solar radiation modeling

Application of r.sun in urban areas with 3-D city models (cost/revenue analysis for solar panels, building design, urban greenery, thermal conditions,...)



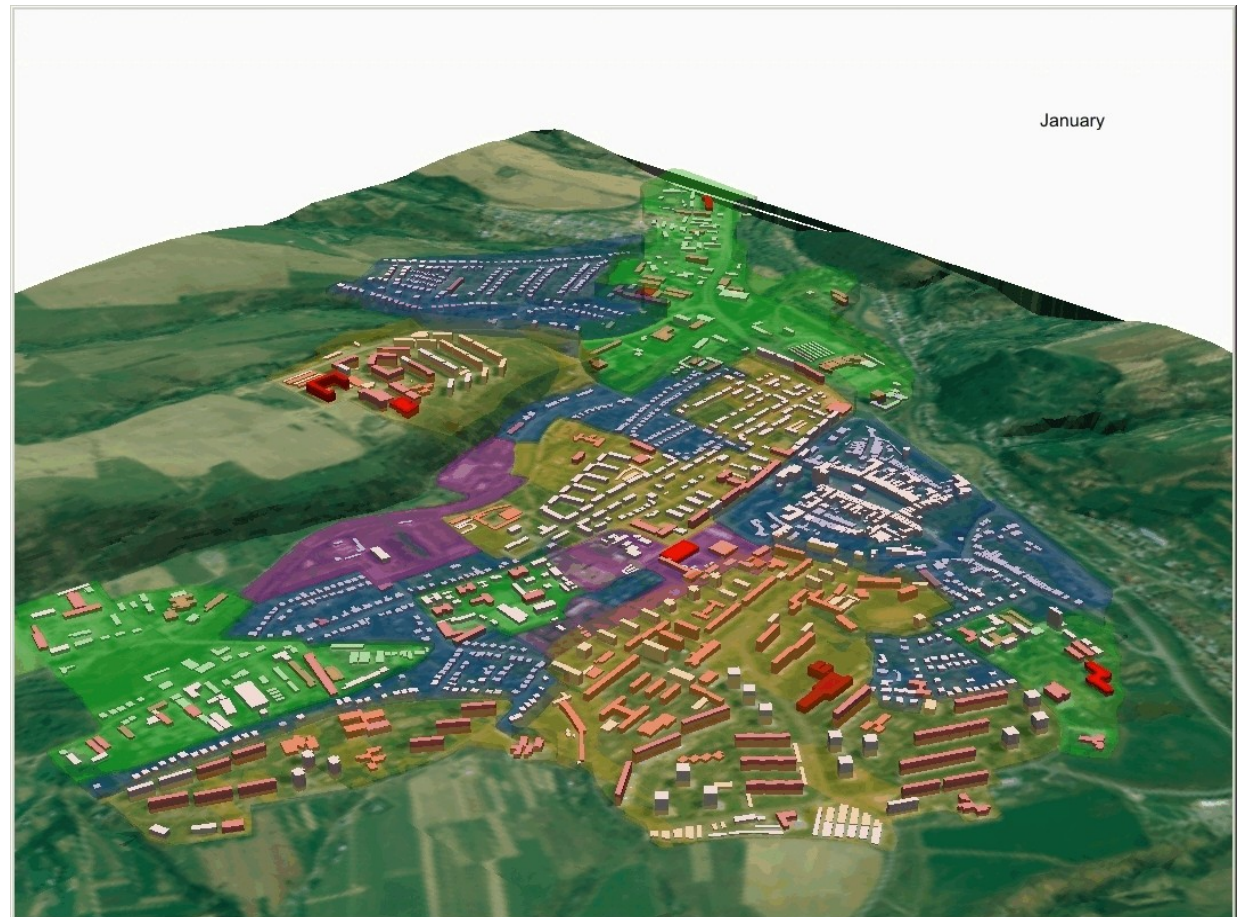
Jaro Hofierka
University of Presov

Photovoltaic potential

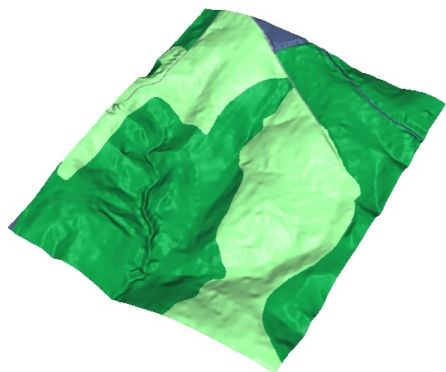
Seasonal changes in photovoltaic potential in urban area

Monthly values of electricity potentially produced by each building using solar panels; impact of roof area, slope, aspect, material was included

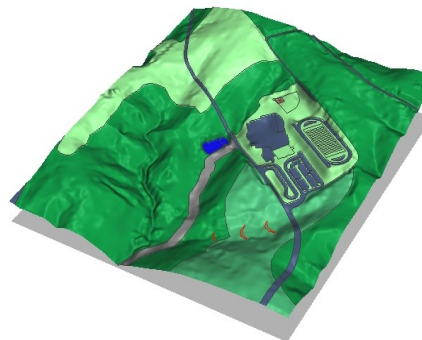
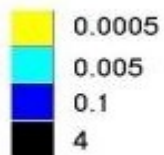
Jaro Hofierka
University of Presov



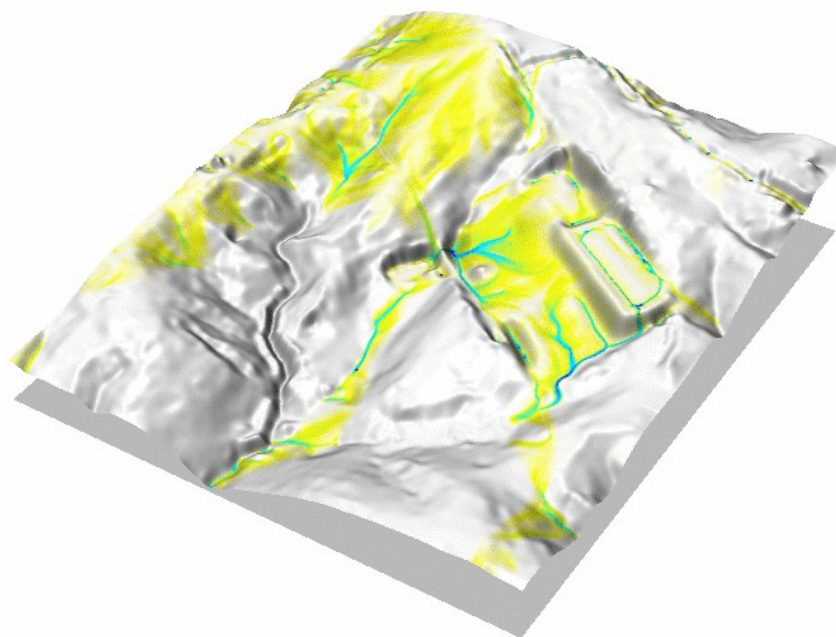
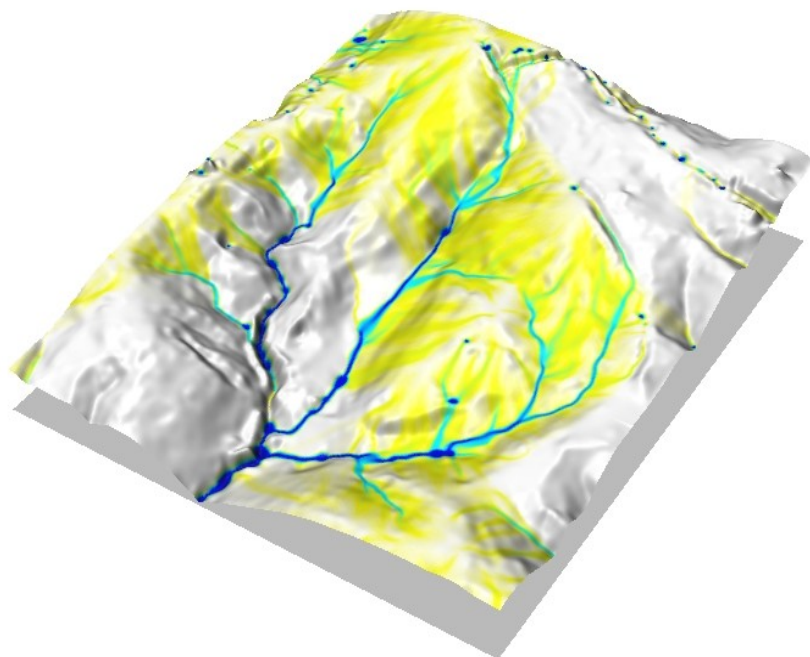
Preserve water flow pattern



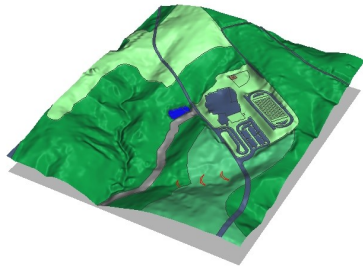
discharge
 m^3/s



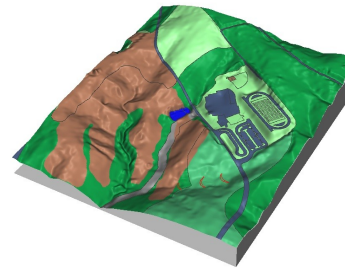
School built,
wetland and
checkdams added
for stormwater
control



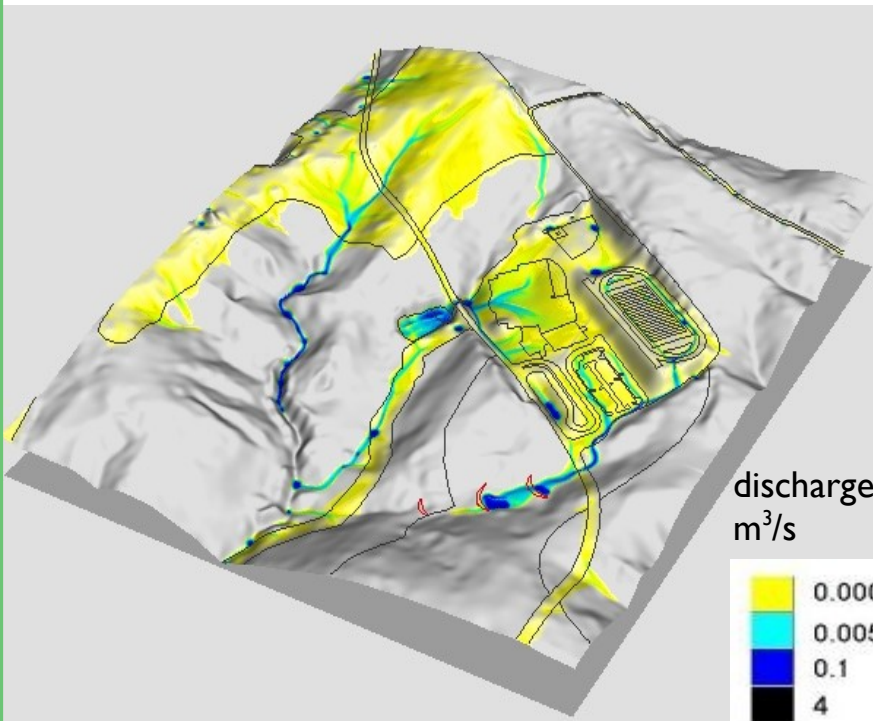
Maintain runoff



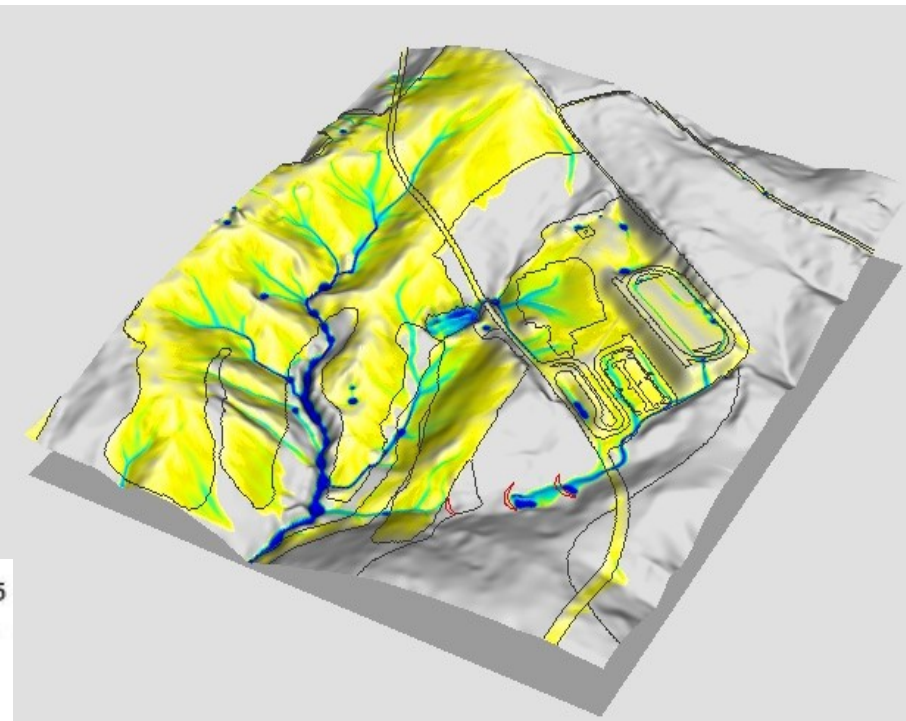
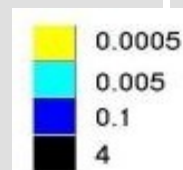
current
49% forest



construction
24% forest



discharge
 m^3/s



Geospatial Design

Multidisciplinary team – stakeholders and experts - holds **charrette** – intensive workshop - to set goals, assess and modify the proposed project to achieve high sustainability expressed by LEED rating.



Traditional approach:
maps and slides

Limited

- log from discussion
- access to info
- feedback on impact of proposed modification

Advantage

face to face, 10+ people

New technologies: Touch tables

IEEECG&A
Sept/Oct 2006
Interacting with digital
tabletops

Interactive access to
geospatial information

2D representation

Face-to-face
collaboration

Limited design
capabilities



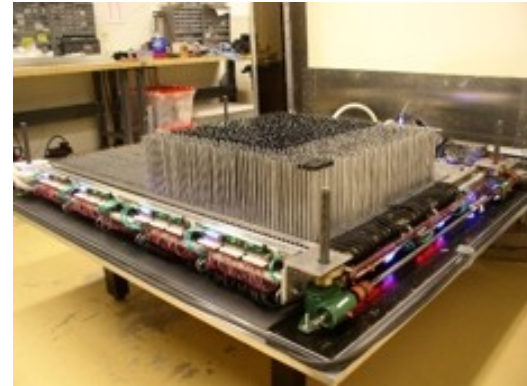
1 Tabletop iDwidgets in action: (a) DTMap, (b) TeamTag, (c) UbiTable, and (d) Table-for-N. Each application uses a MERL DiamondTouch table, which serves as an interactive tabletop.

Dynamic physical 3D models

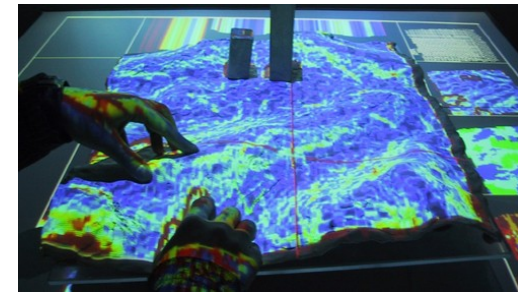
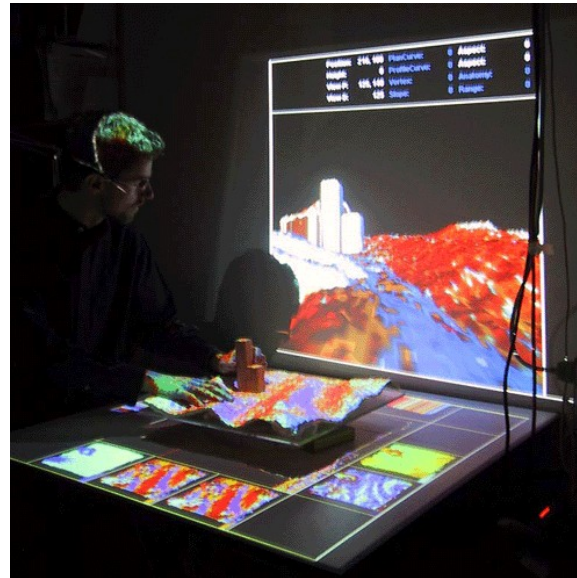
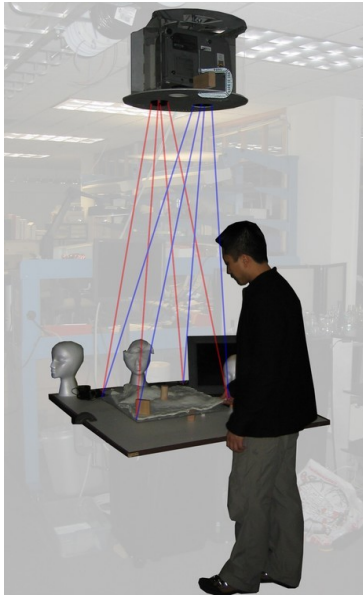
Combine easy to interpret
3d physical models of
landscape with
geospatial data to
facilitate communication
and collaboration

[http://www.xenotran.com/
xenovision_clips.html](http://www.xenotran.com/xenovision_clips.html)

XenoVision Mark III
Northrop Grunman TerrainTable™
includes TouchTable capabilities



Illuminated Clay: 3D interaction



developed by MIT Media Lab
and SENSEable City lab



Combines **virtual representation** with **solid model** and 2D images, re-computes and displays terrain parameters in near-real-time

Traditional GIS: design with mouse+GUI: need to make a **connection between hand and the image** on the screen

Illuminated Clay: **hand and eye works with the same object** (physical model) freeing the brain for more creative thinking

Test study

explore how TanGIS can be used to solve real-world problems common at communities and installations

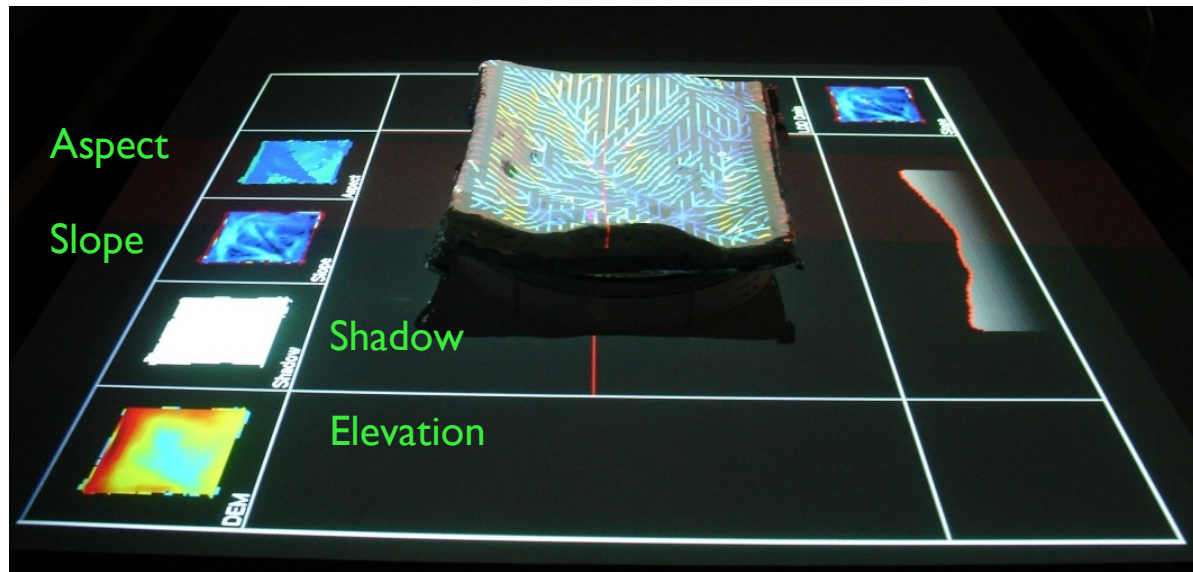
investigate what new development is needed to make the practical applications feasible



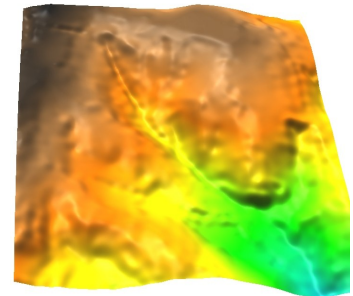
20 ha area at NCSU exp. farms: sediment and flood control

Analysis using a physical model

Flow computed by Illuminated Clay in synchronous mode



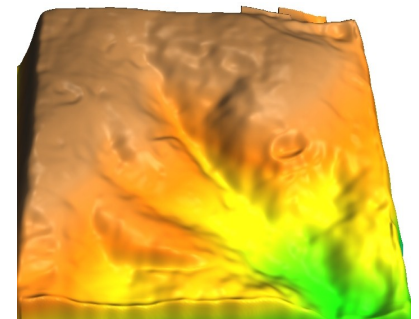
Data



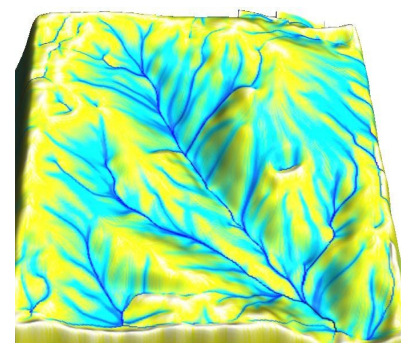
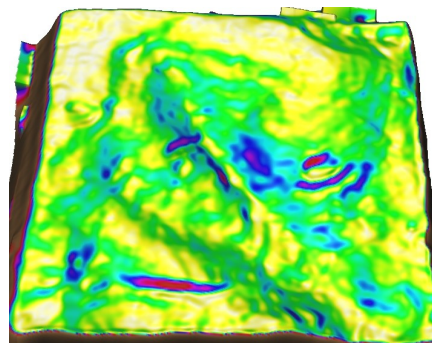
Physical Model



Scanned phys. model

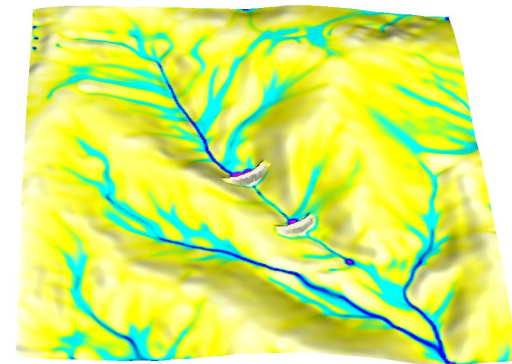
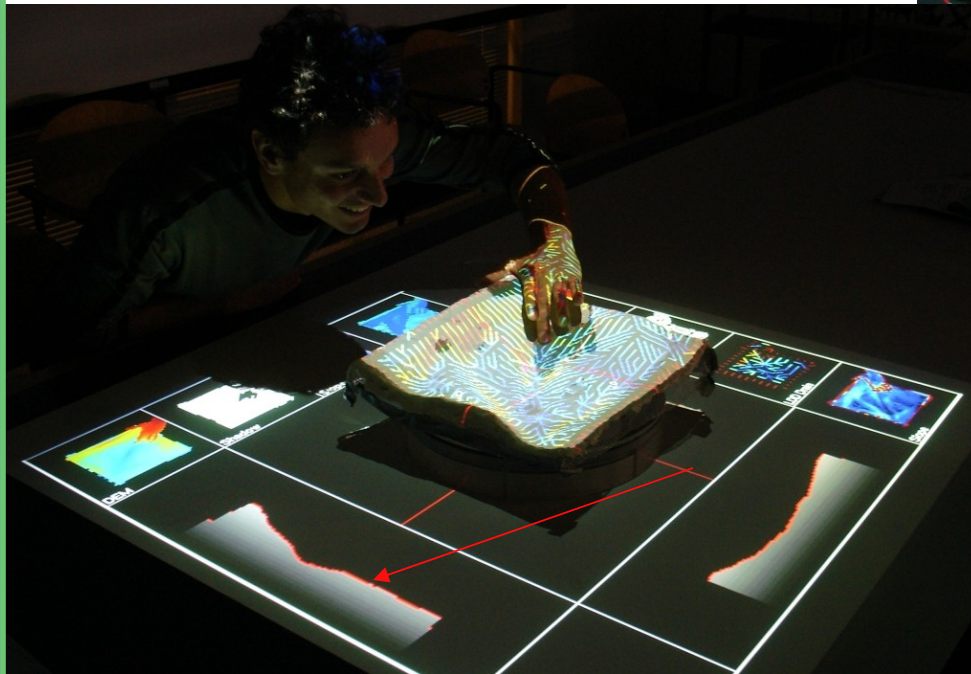
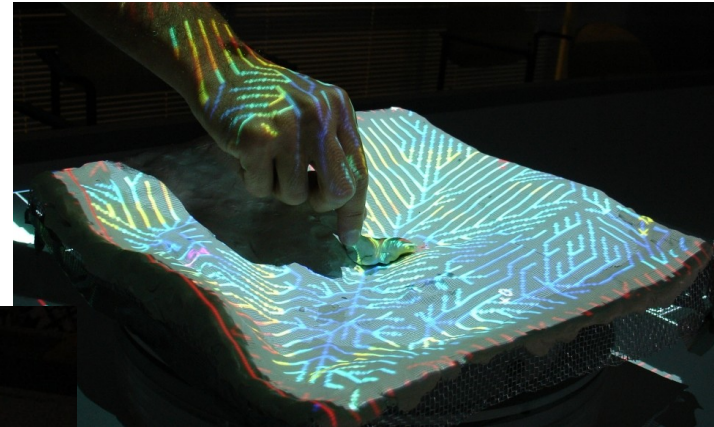


Slope and flow computed in GRASS in asynchronous mode



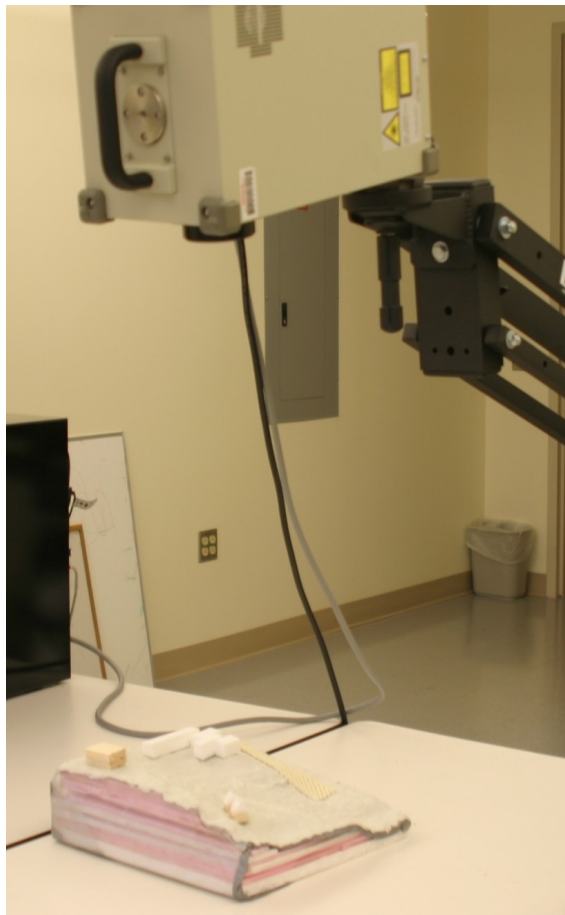
Design with TanGIS

adding a checkdam,
creating a depression,
while watching the flow
and slope to change



simulated overland flow
depth for modified surface

Building TanGIS at VISSTA lab



VIVID 910
laser scanner
1 scan/ 0.3sec
real-time
interaction
higher accuracy
than needed

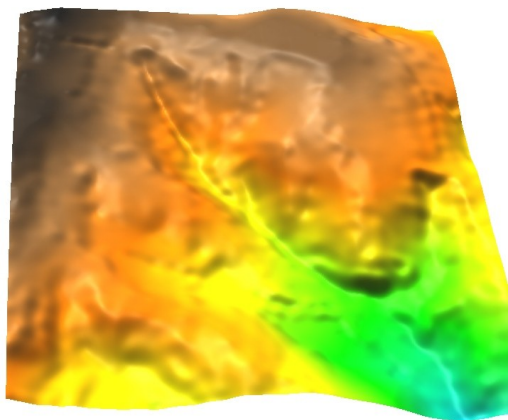
IR sensors
cheaper, smaller
need to be
tested



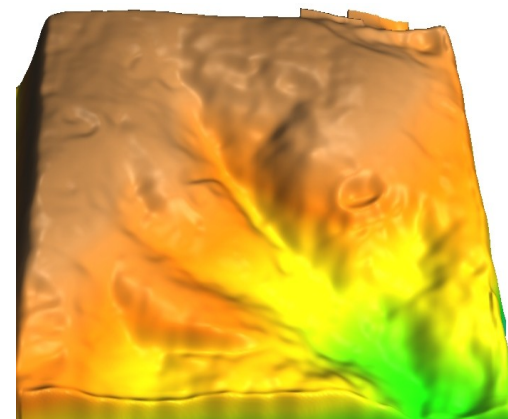
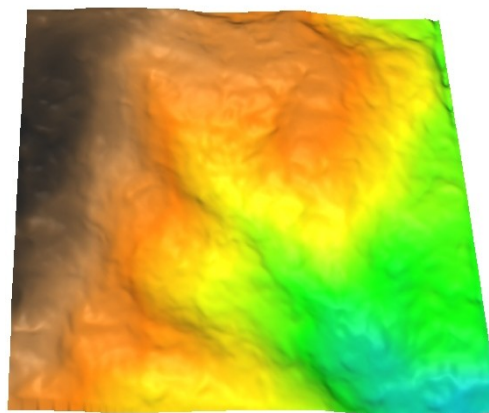
Multipurpose
facility at
VISSTA Lab at
ECE NCSU:
Prof. Hamid Karim

Real-world and model DEMs

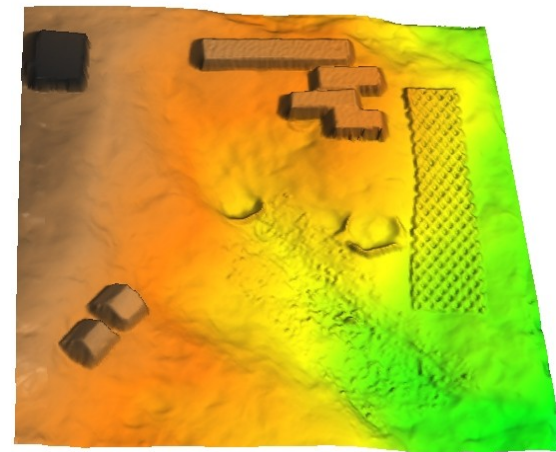
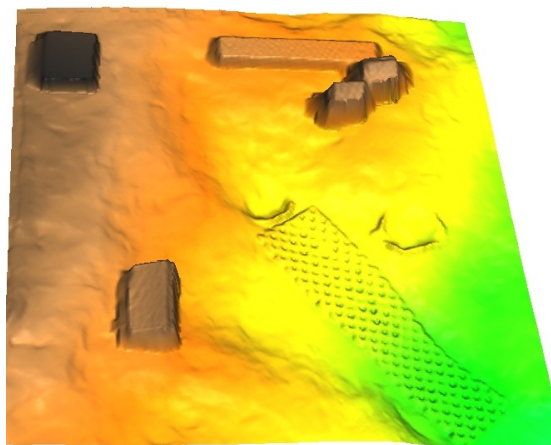
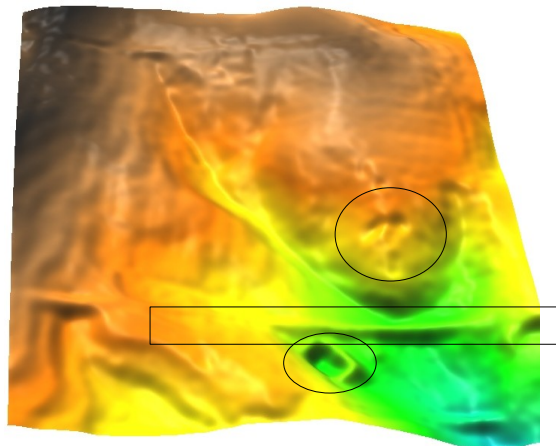
photogr.-based
2m DEM 1993



scanned model-based 1mm (2m) DEMs
with various modifications



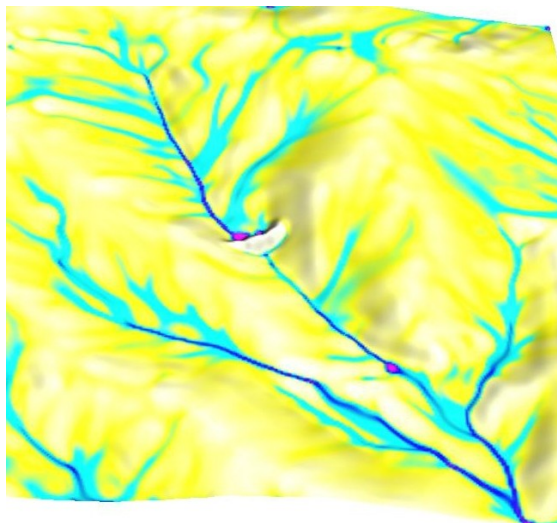
lidar-based
2m DEM 2001



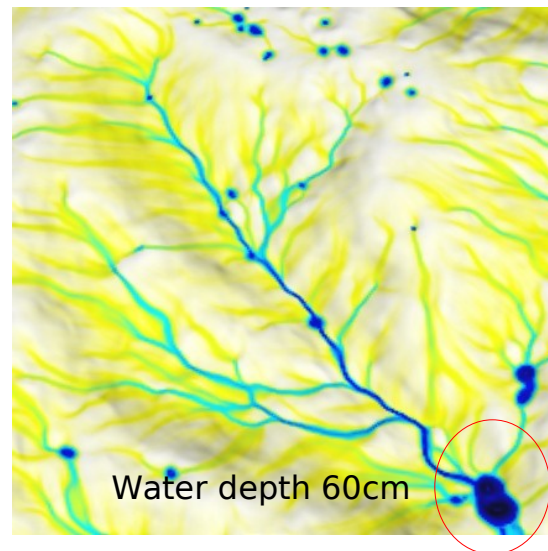
Exploring runoff with TanGIS

Simulating flow
over modified surface:

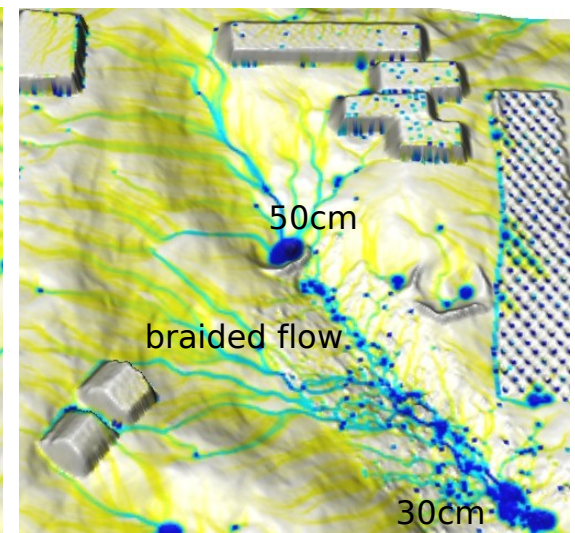
testing algorithms
exploring impacts



Smoothed real-world data



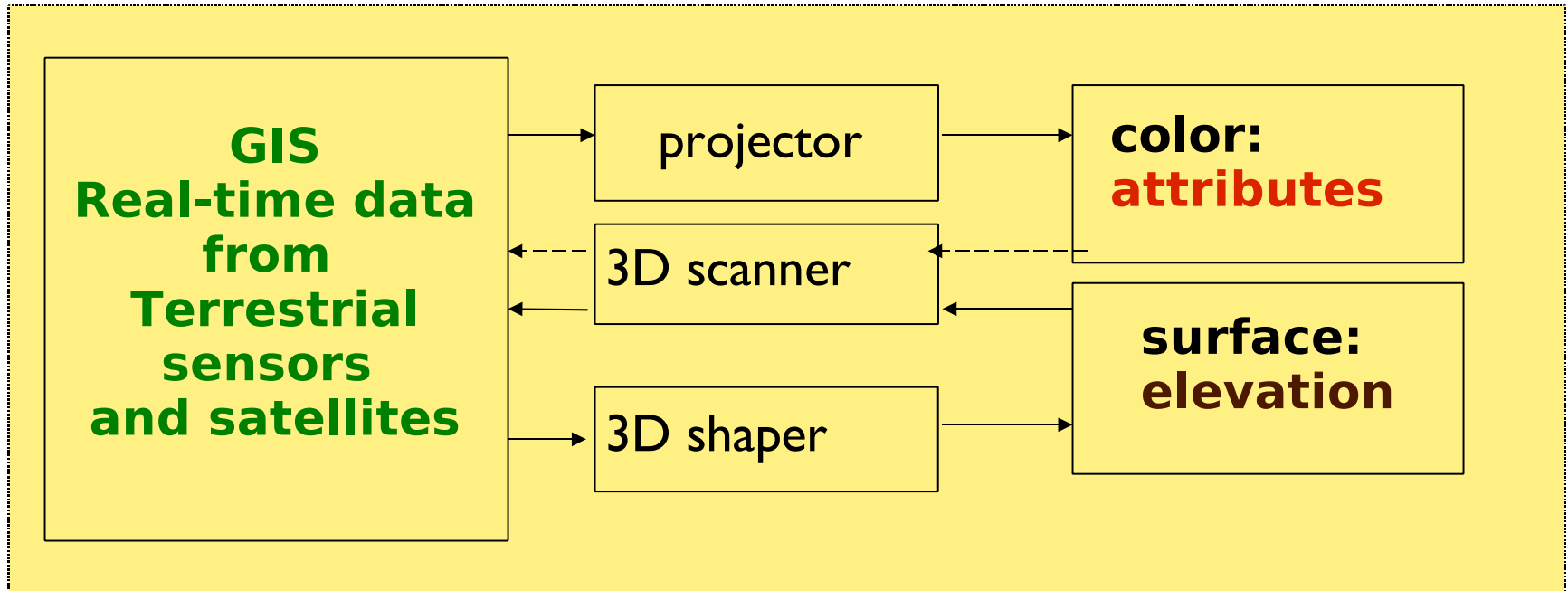
modified models



Future TanGIS

Computer

Physical model



Desktop or large collaborative systems

Vision for GRASS/OSGEO4LEED

Geospatial Sustainability Analyst (GSA)

analysis of pre-construction landscape, the initial site plan

Geospatial Designer (GD)

modify design, explore alternatives. Tangible GIS can provide an intuitive collaborative environment

Geospatial Sustainability Evaluator(GSE)

assign LEED rating

Support **Whole system approach:**

takes into account spatial and temporal interactions between natural systems and development projects: can reveal potential conflicts and lead to discovery of new approaches to sustainable design

What is next?

Establish contacts with US GBC and WorldGBC, and explore collaboration at OSGEO foundation and project levels

Get more funding

Solve technical issues



Acknowledgment

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NC WRI and North Carolina
Sediment Control Commission**

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valuable discussions and ideas on
geospatial research for sustainable
development

